

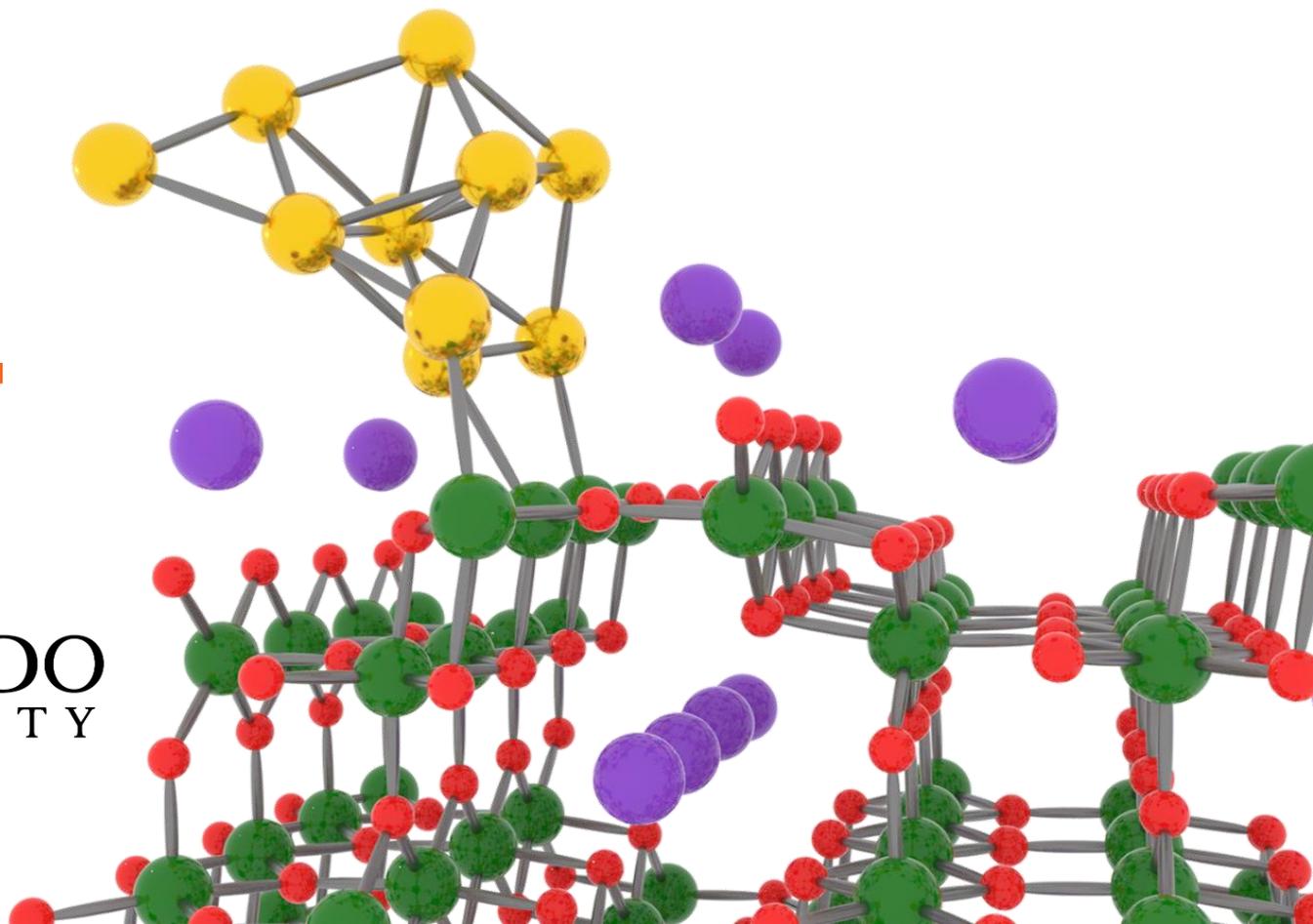
DFT Mechanistic Study on the Heterogeneous Gold Catalysis: the Role of the Support Material for the C–H Bond Activation

Ray Miyazaki

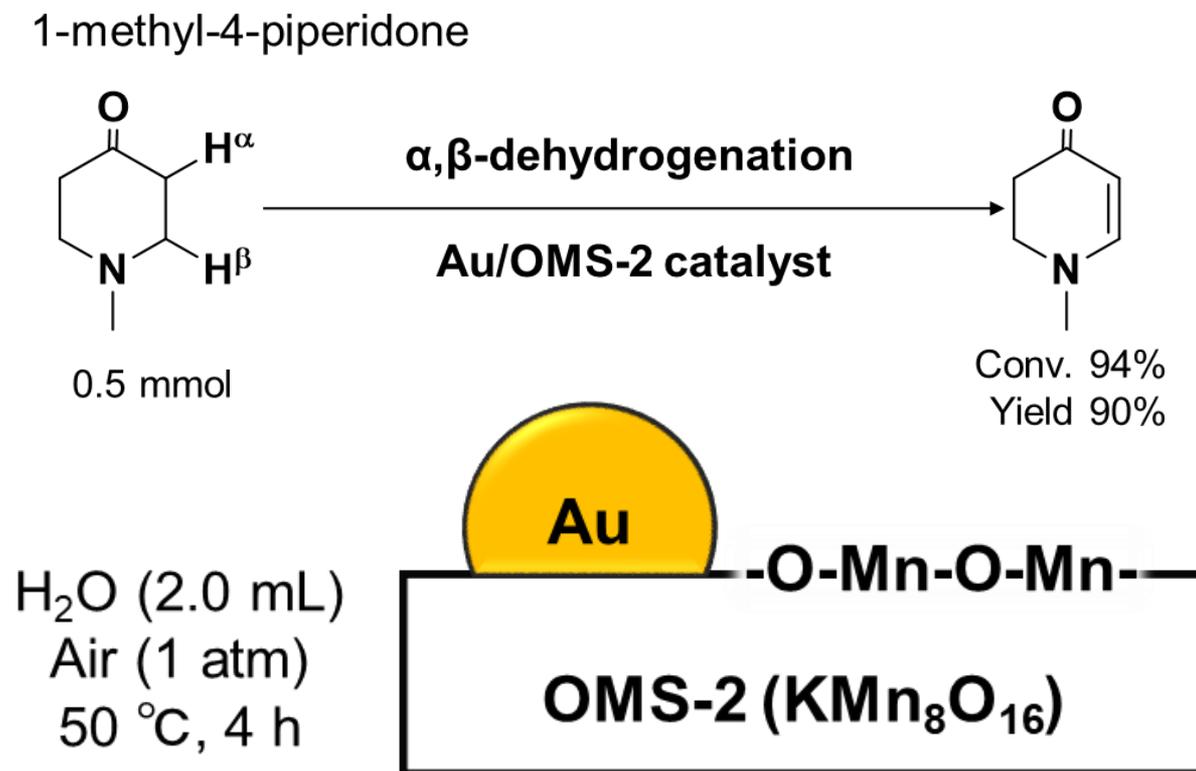
Coffee Talk Oct. 4th, 2021



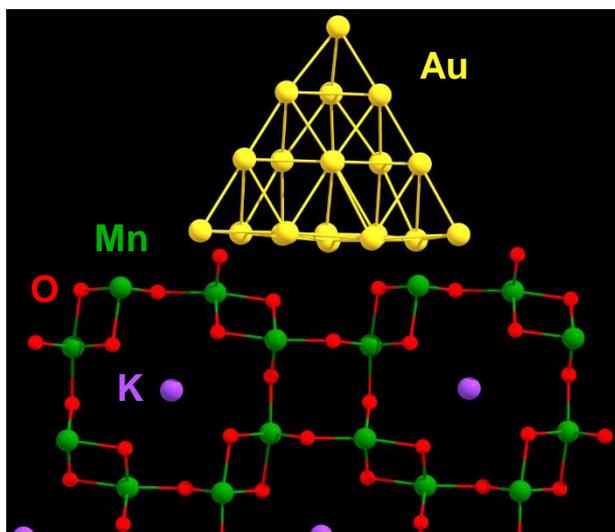
HOKKAIDO
UNIVERSITY



Au nanoparticles supported on OMS-2 support (Au/OMS-2 catalyst) catalyze α , β -dehydrogenation of 1-methyl-4-piperidone [1].



Reaction mechanism of the Au/OMS-2 catalyst is investigated by theoretical calculation.



OMS-2
($\text{KMn}_8\text{O}_{16}$)

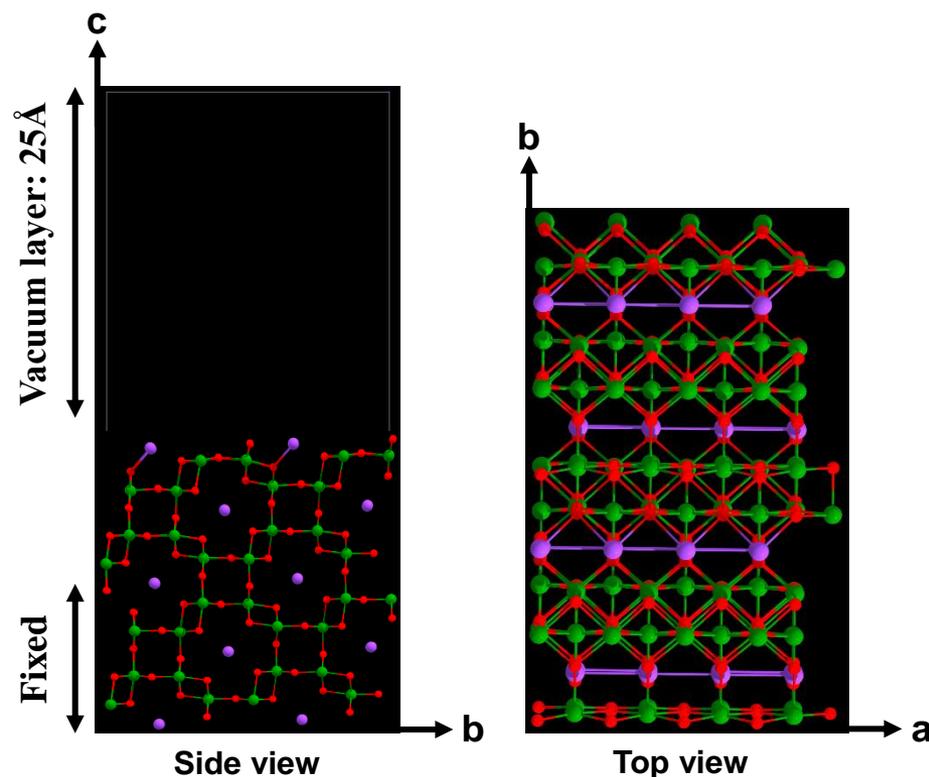
To investigate electronic structure of Au on OMS-2 support, periodic slab model of the OMS-2 surface was constructed.

Computational Details for the Slab Model

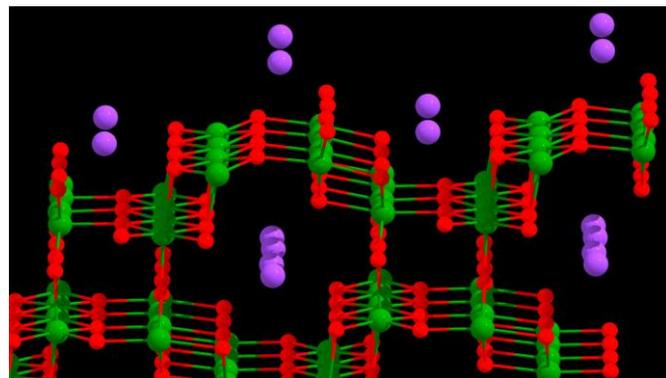
Model: 4x2x2 super cell of OMS-2
($a = 11.47 \text{ \AA}$, $b = 19.61 \text{ \AA}$, $c = 19.61 \text{ \AA} (+25 \text{ \AA})$)

Method: Density Functional Theory [DFT]
 Functional: PBE
 Basis set: Geometry Optimization: Light_default
 Energy Calculation: Tight_default
 (“cut_pot” for K is set to 4.0 \AA)
 k-grid: 18x6x6 for bulk model
 5x3x1 for slab model
 Relativistic: Atomic ZORA approximation
 Charge: neutral
 Spin: collinear

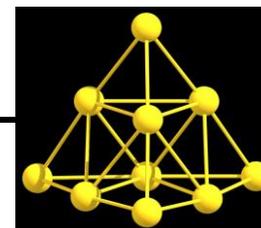
Program: FHI-aims (version: 171221)



Au_{10} model was supported on the slab model of OMS-2 surface ($\text{Au}_{10}/\text{OMS-2}$ model) as a computational model of the Au/OMS-2 catalyst.



Slab model of OMS-2



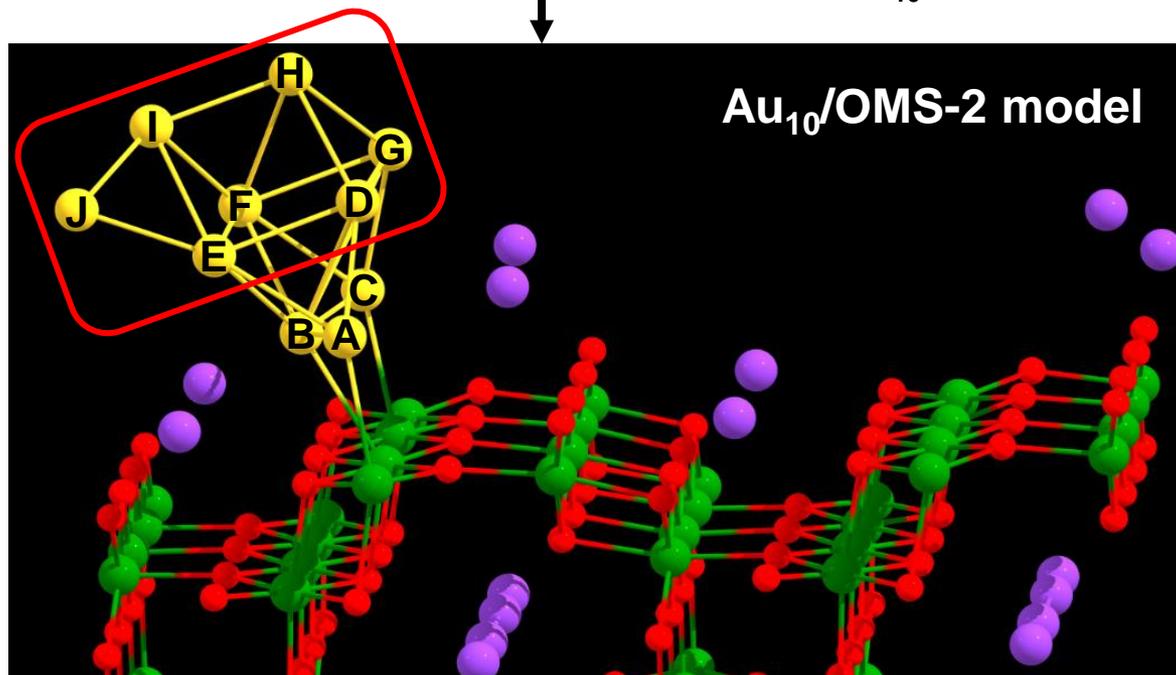
Au_{10} model

Geometry
Optimization

Hirshfeld Charge

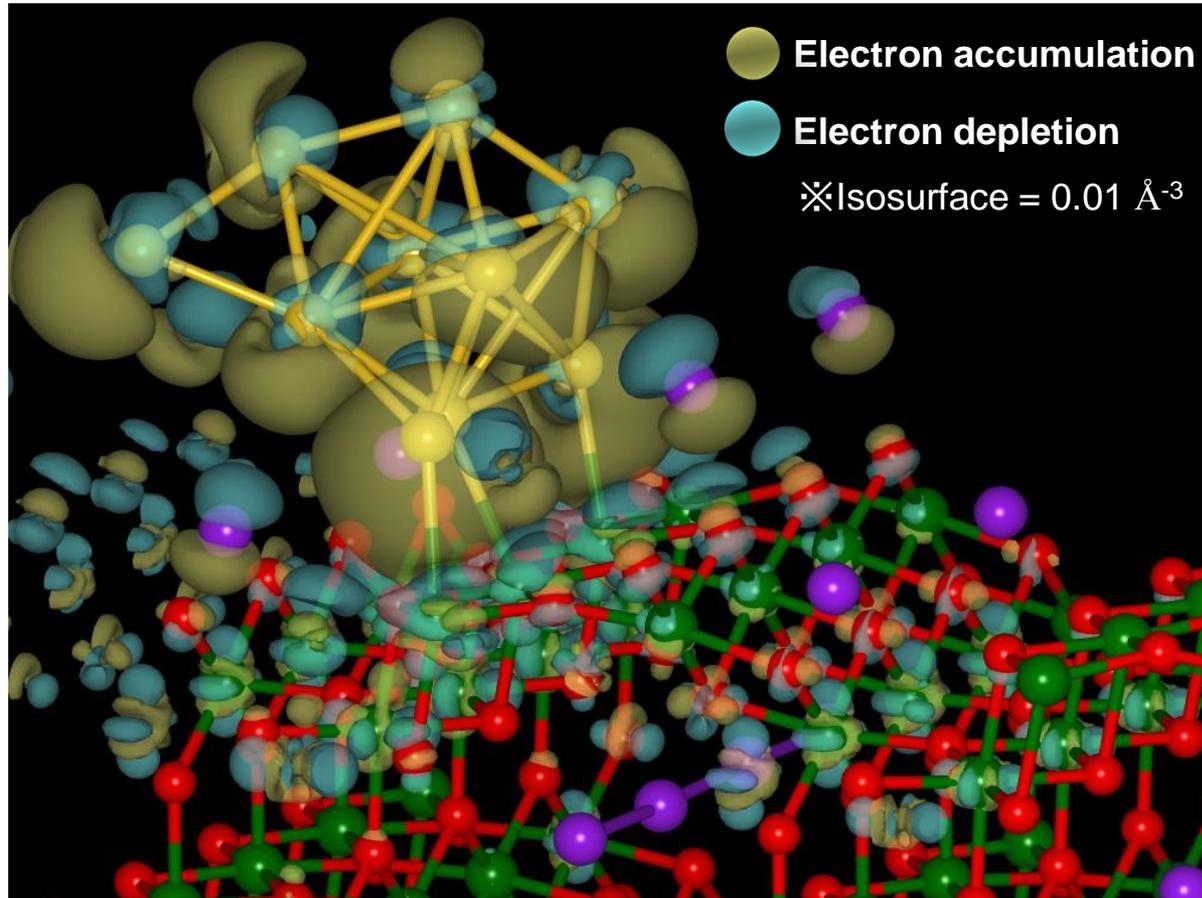
Au^{A} :	0.00
Au^{B} :	0.13
Au^{C} :	0.02
Au^{D} :	-0.06
Au^{E} :	0.01
Au^{F} :	-0.06
Au^{G} :	-0.13
Au^{H} :	-0.09
Au^{I} :	-0.09
Au^{J} :	-0.15

Au_{10} : -0.42



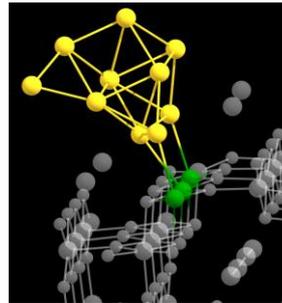
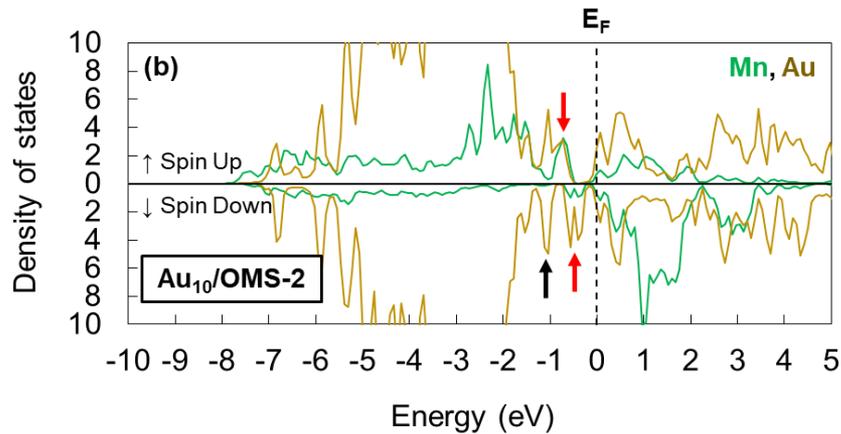
It was suggested that **Au cluster on the OMS-2 surface is negatively charged.**

To investigate the difference of electron density induced by the interaction between Au and OMS-2, electron density difference analysis was performed.



- Electron density around Au-Mn bond and Au atoms on the 2nd and 3rd layers of Au cluster are increased \leftrightarrow Good agreement with the result of Hirshfeld charge analysis.
 - Electron density around Mn atoms and O atoms on the OMS-2 surface are decreased.
- \Rightarrow **Charge transfer from OMS-2 to Au was suggested.**

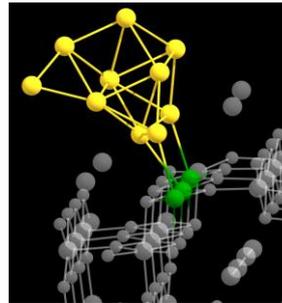
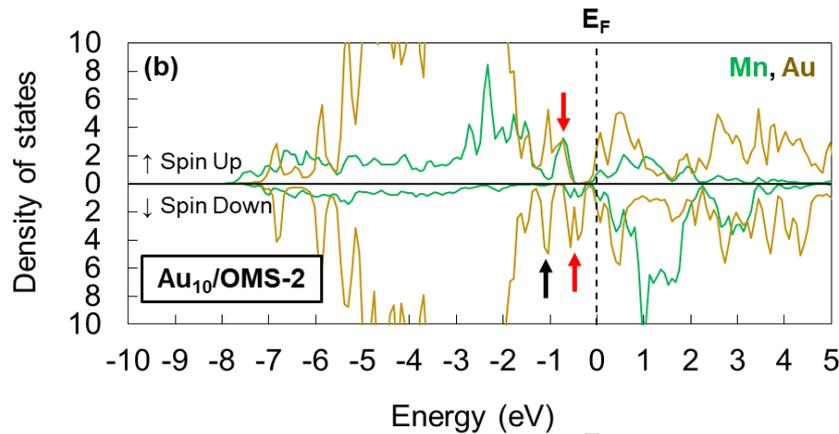
Next, atom projected density of states (p-DOS) of the Au₁₀/OMS-2 model was calculated.



Au₁₀/OMS-2 model
Yellow: Total-DOS projected to the Au₁₀ region.
Green: Total-DOS projected to Mn atoms which are directly bonded to the Au₁₀ model.

Energy levels of Au and Mn are well overlapped around the valence band near Fermi level.

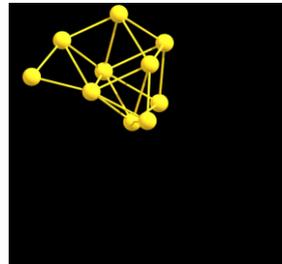
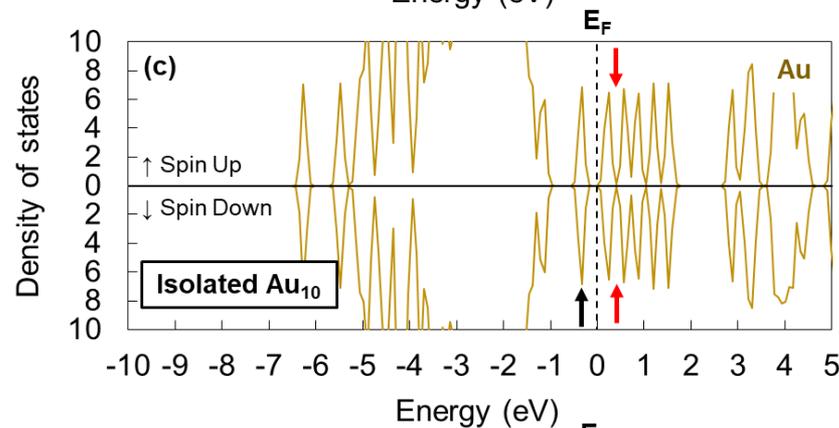
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Au₁₀/OMS-2 model

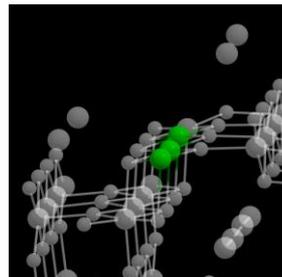
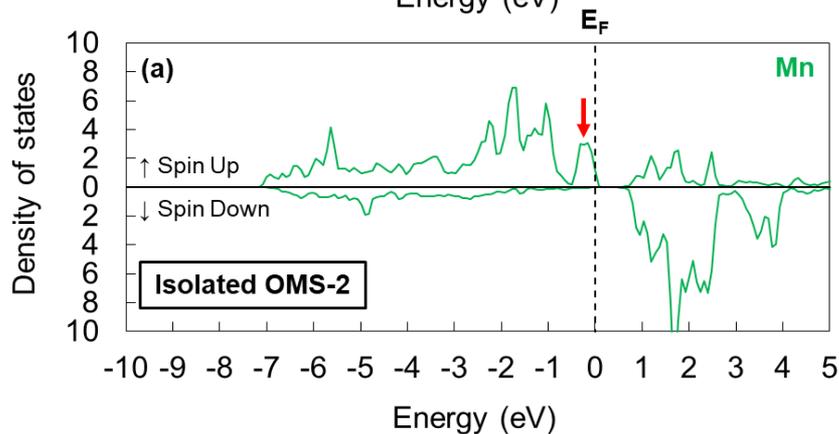
Yellow: Total-DOS projected to the Au₁₀ region.

Green: Total-DOS projected to Mn atoms which are directly bonded to the Au₁₀ model.



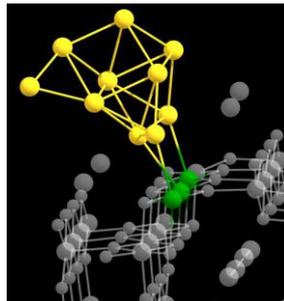
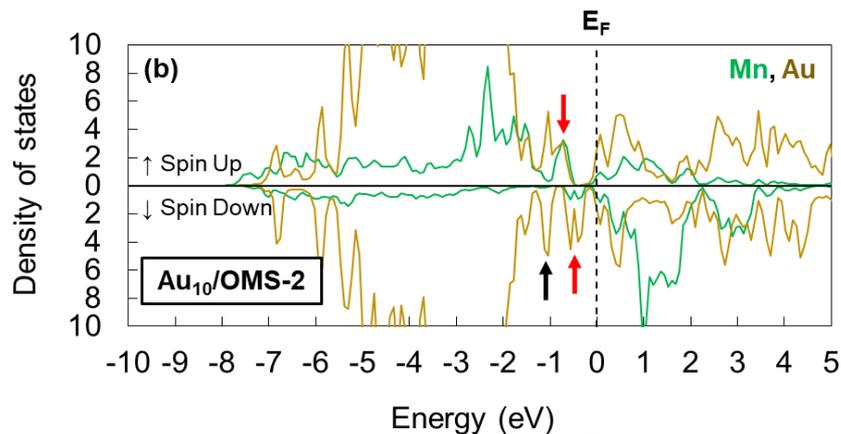
Isolated Au₁₀ model taken from the Au₁₀/OMS-2 model

Yellow: Total-DOS of the Au₁₀ model.

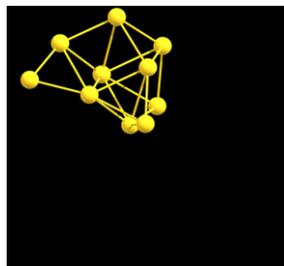
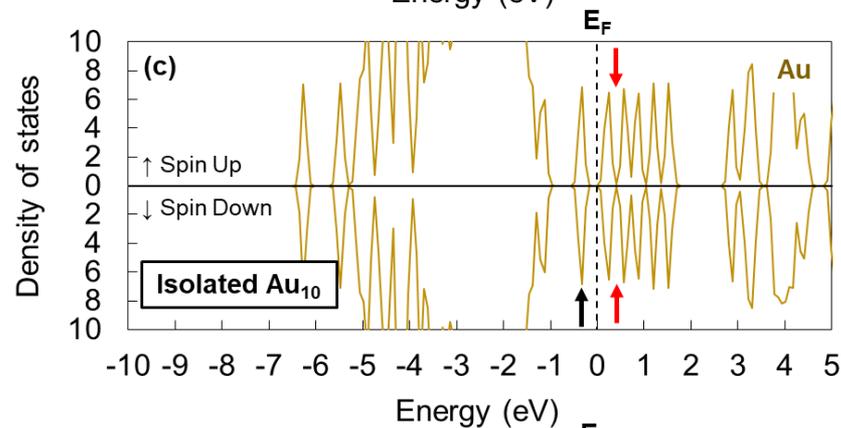


Isolated OMS-2 model taken from the Au₁₀/OMS-2 model

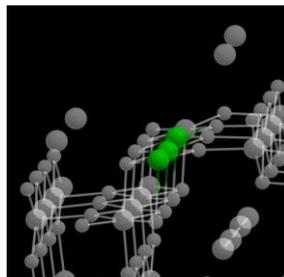
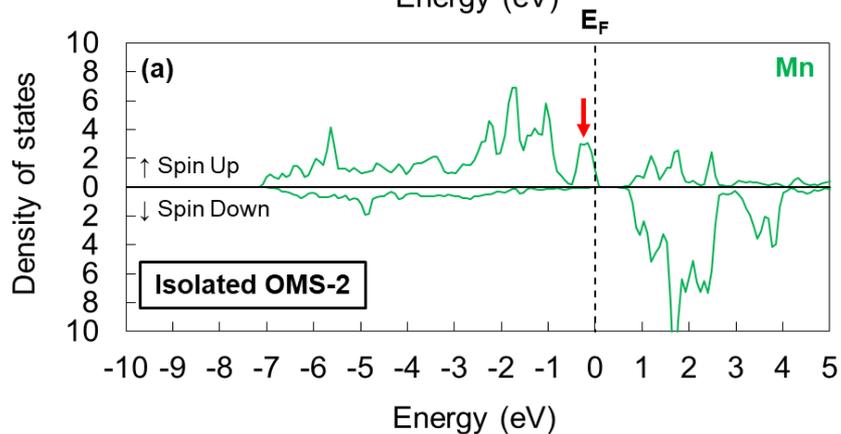
Green: Total-DOS projected to Mn atoms which were directly bonded to the Au₁₀ model.



It was suggested that **valence electrons of the OMS-2 surface were transferred to the Au cluster to form the Au-Mn bonds.**



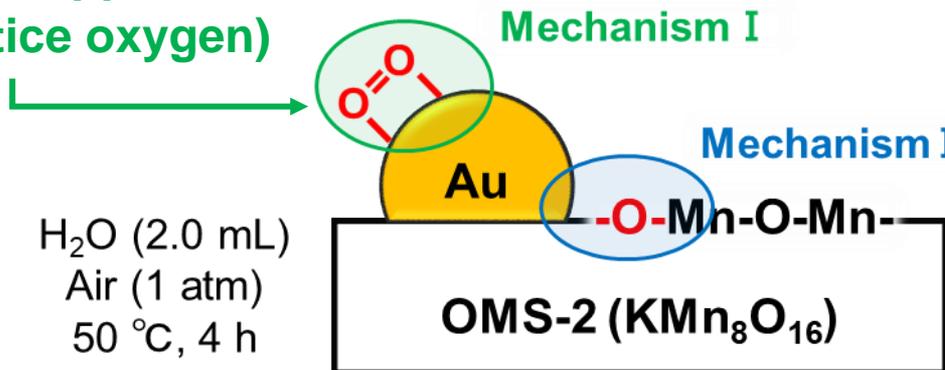
• Unfilled bands of isolated Au₁₀ model were shifted below the Fermi level in the Au₁₀/OMS-2 model.



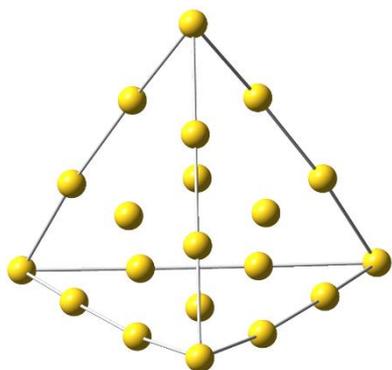
• The valence band of the Mn atoms were also shifted to the lower energy region in the Au₁₀/OMS-2 model.

○ With carbon support
(i.e., w/o lattice oxygen)

○ Under Ar atmosphere
(i.e., w/o gas-phase O₂)



→ Lattice oxygens are not essential for the reaction.



Au₂₀ model

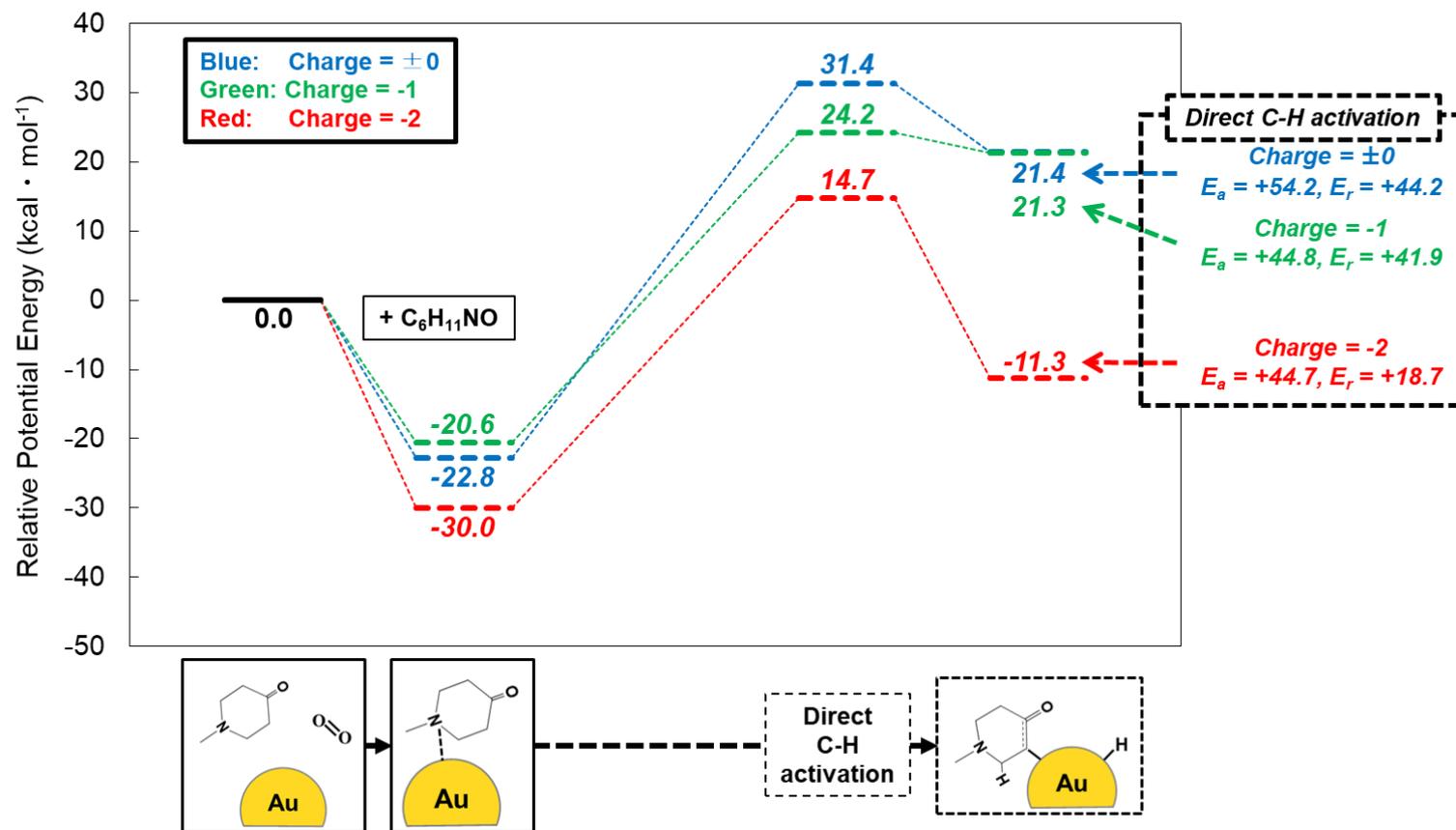
↓

Au₂₀ model was adopted to investigate the reaction mechanisms.
In addition, **total charge of the model system is set to ±0 or -1 or -2,**
respectively to investigate effect of the charge state of the Au cluster.

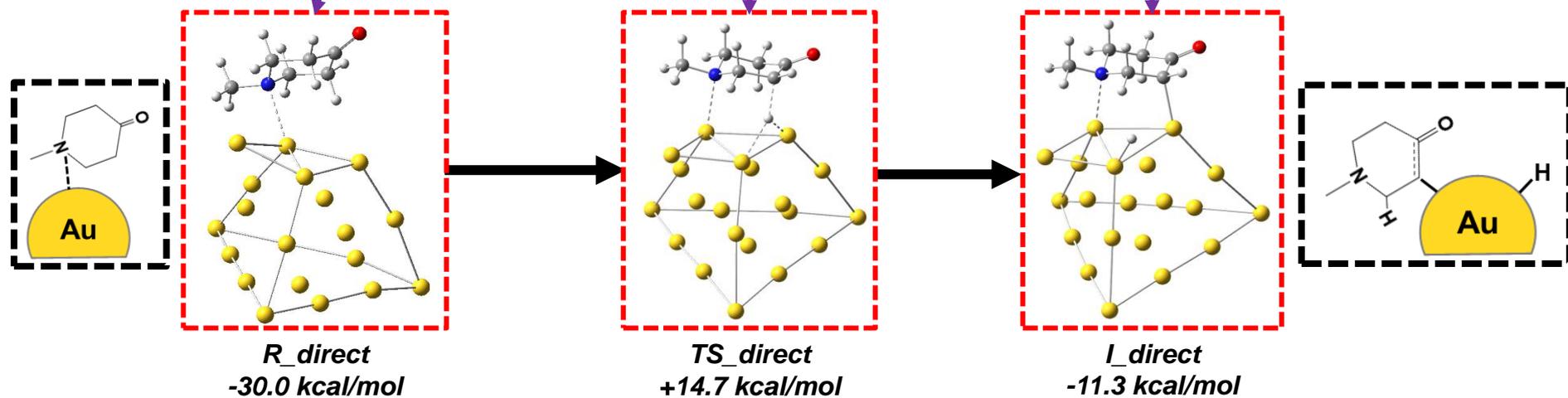
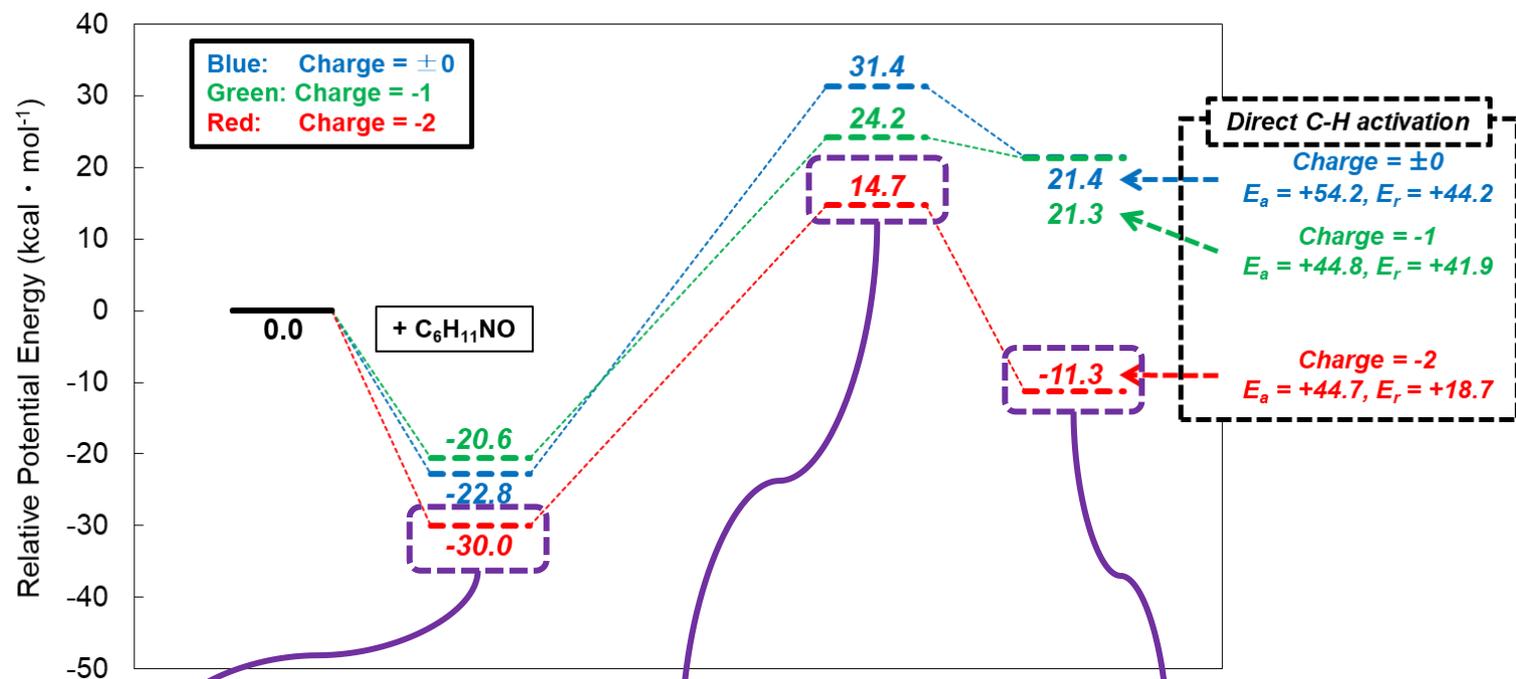
Computational Details for the Cluster Model

- Method : Density Functional Theory [DFT] (Functional : M06)
- Basis set : Au → Stuttgart/Dresden(611111/22111/411) ECP60MWB
Other elements → 6-31G**
- Calculation Package: Gaussian09

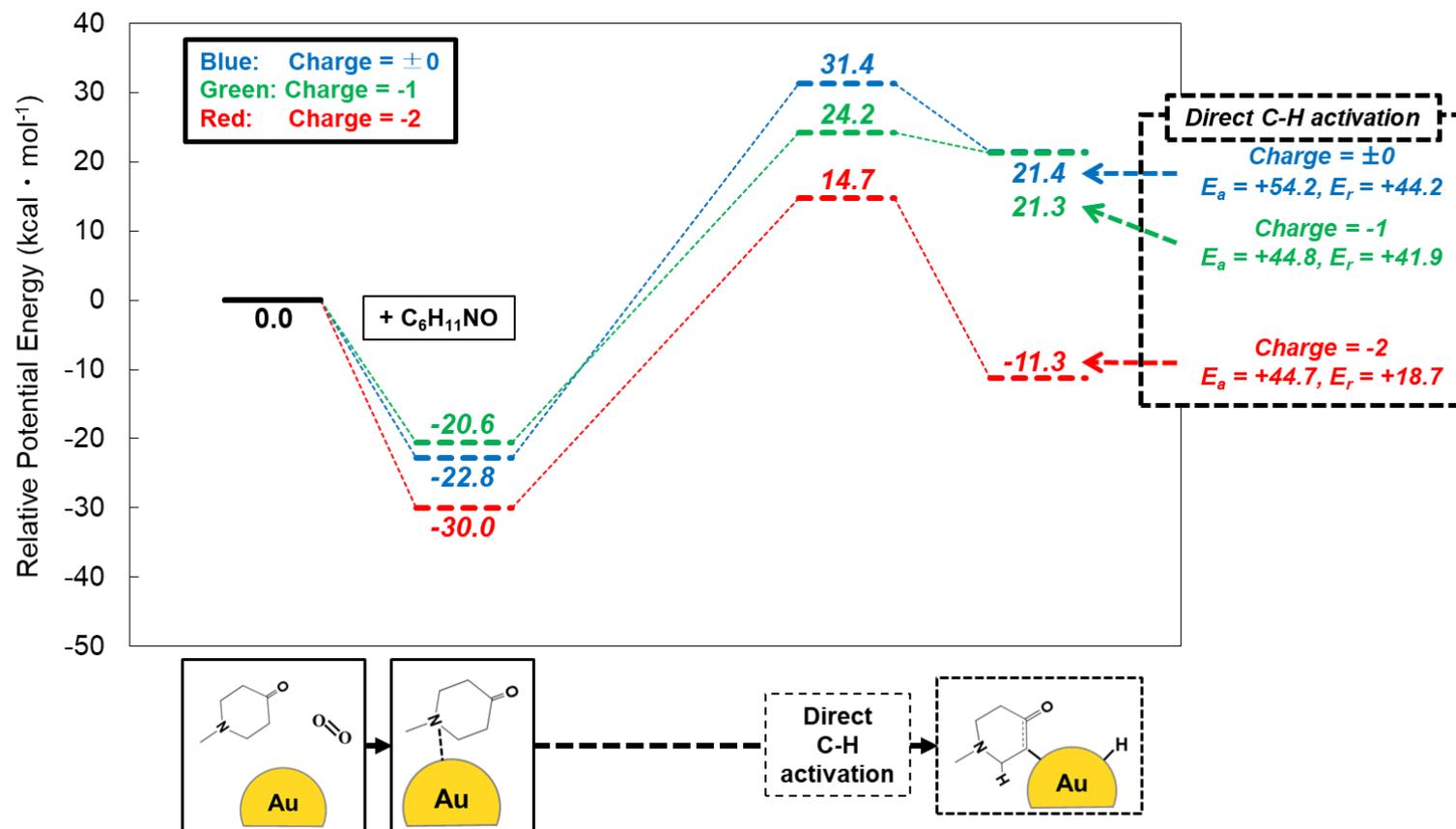
First, **direct C-H activation pathways** on the Au_{20}^x ($x = 0, -1, -2$) models were investigated.



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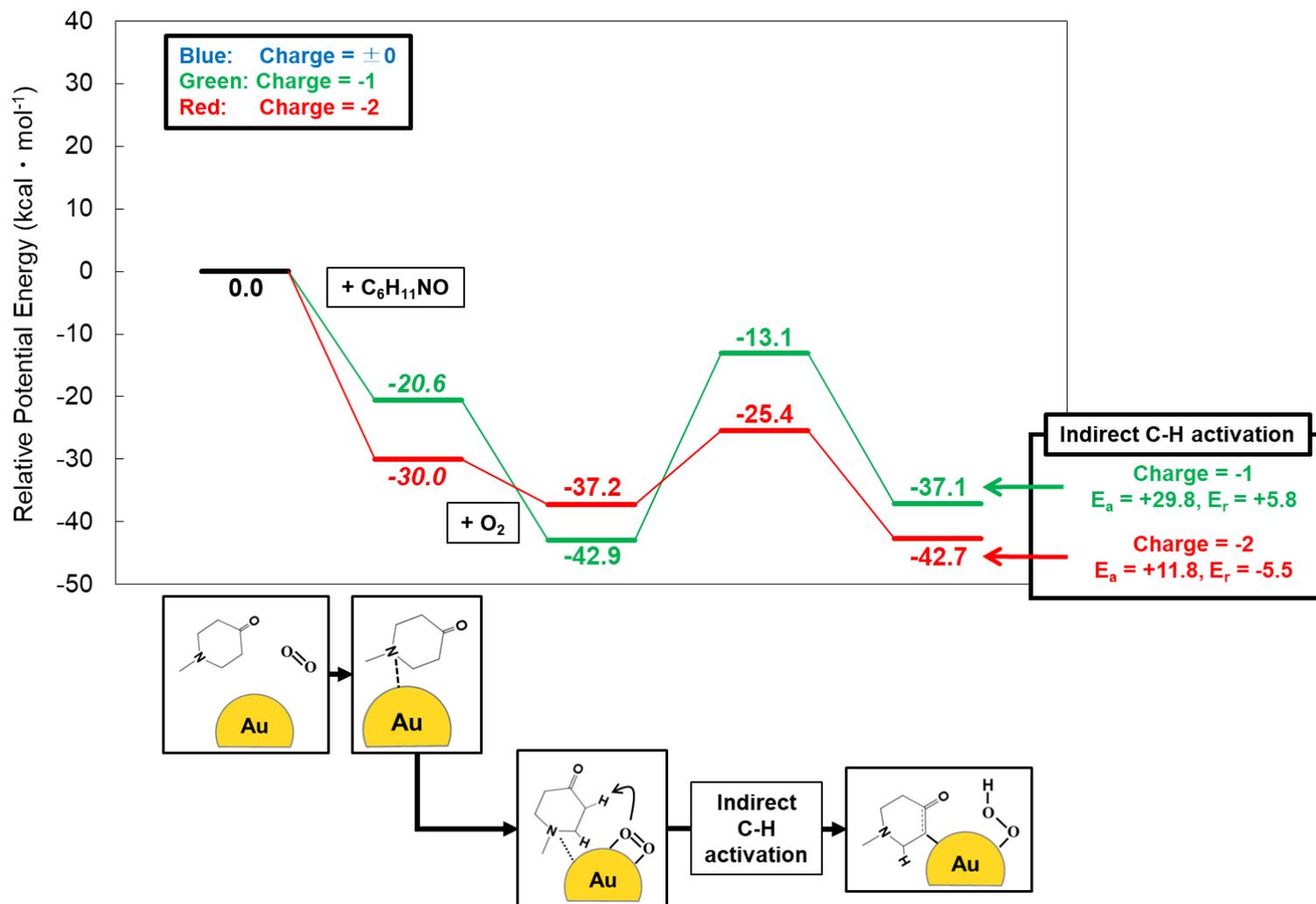
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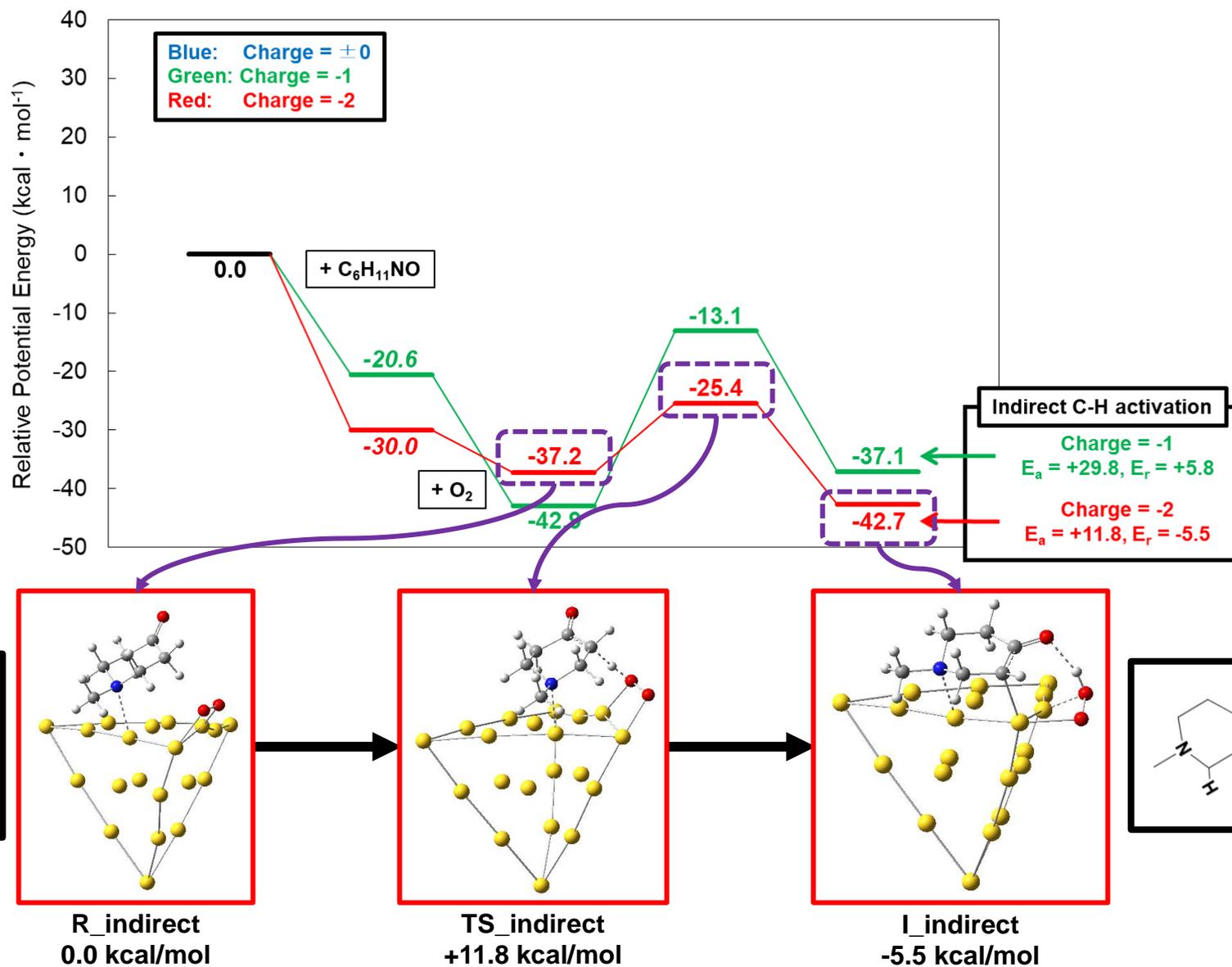
Direct C-H activation takes place as endothermic reaction with high activation barriers in all models.

→ **The direct C-H activation on the Au/OMS-2 catalyst is unfavorable reaction pathway.**

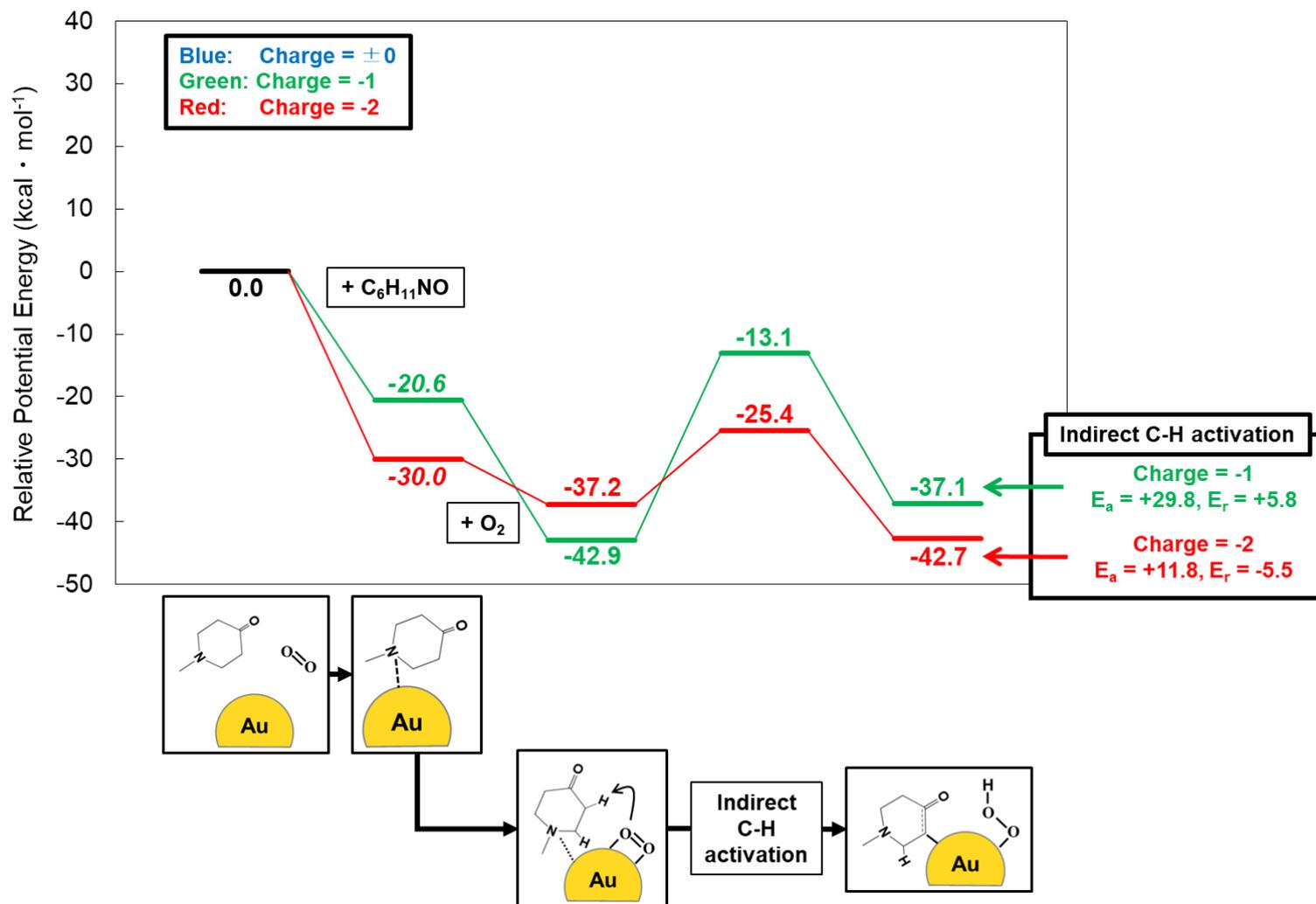
Next, O₂ supported indirect C-H activation pathways on the Au₂₀^x (x = -1, -2) models were investigated.



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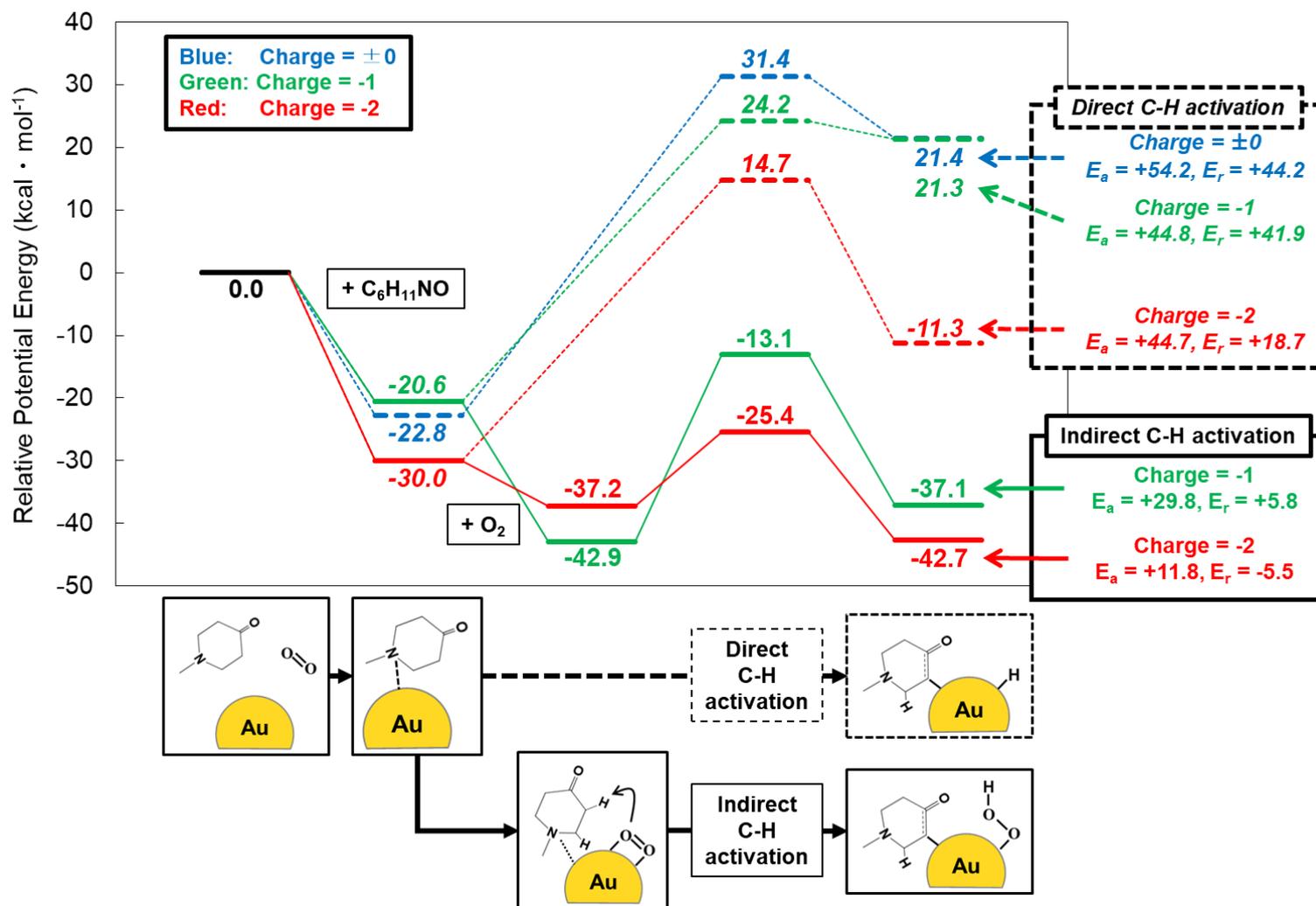


Next, O₂ supported indirect C-H activation pathways on the Au₂₀^x (x = -1, -2) models were investigated.



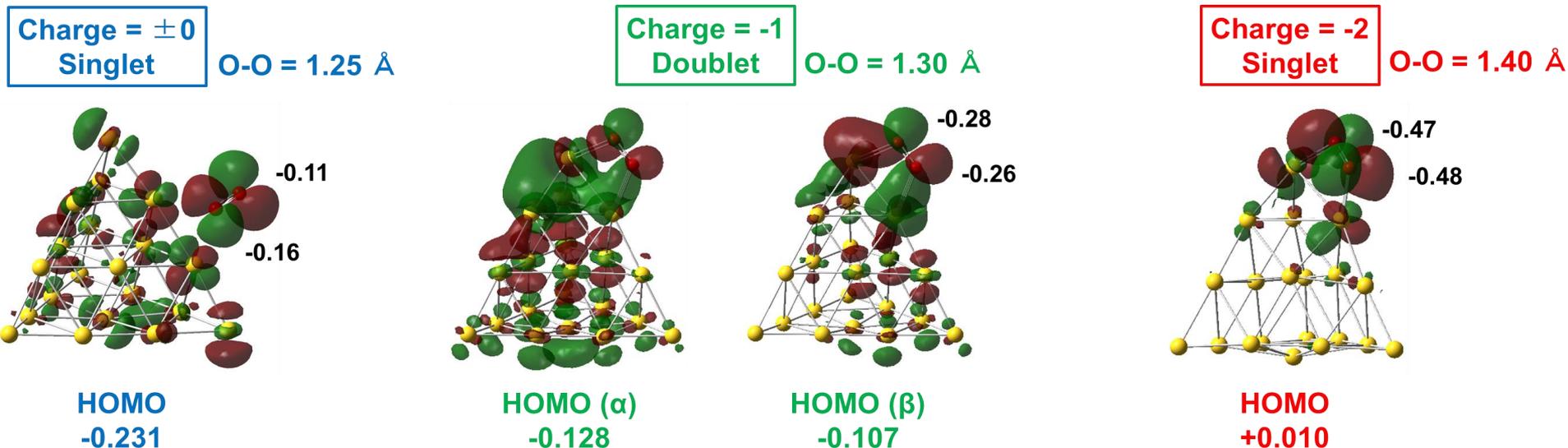
Activation energies of indirect C-H activation pathway on anionic Au₂₀ models are lower than that of direct C-H activation pathway by more than 15 kcal/mol.

Especially, indirect C-H activation pathway takes place as exothermic reaction on Au₂₀²⁻ model.



From these results, indirect C-H activation pathway by adsorbed O₂ is reasonable reaction pathway of the Au/OMS-2 catalyst.

Next, electronic structures of adsorbed oxygen molecule were analyzed to investigate the reason why indirect C-H activation pathway is accelerated in the Au_{20}^{2-} model.

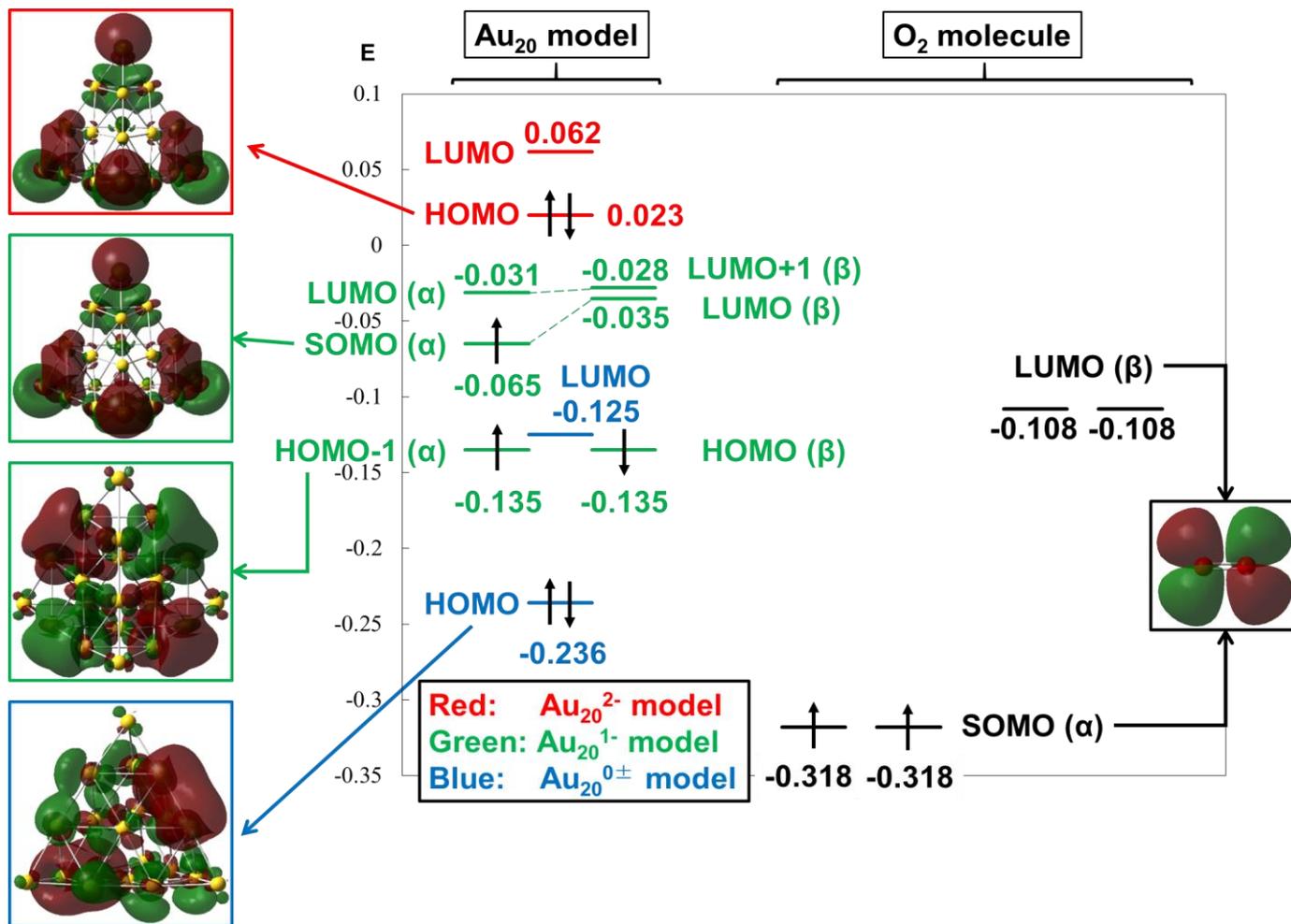


Bond distance between oxygen atoms are increased in anionic Au_{20} models.

Atomic charges of oxygen atoms become more negatively in negatively charged Au_{20} models.

In addition, HOMO is localized on π^* orbital of oxygen molecule in the Au_{20}^{2-} system.

→Oxygen molecule is well activated on the negatively charged Au_{20} models.

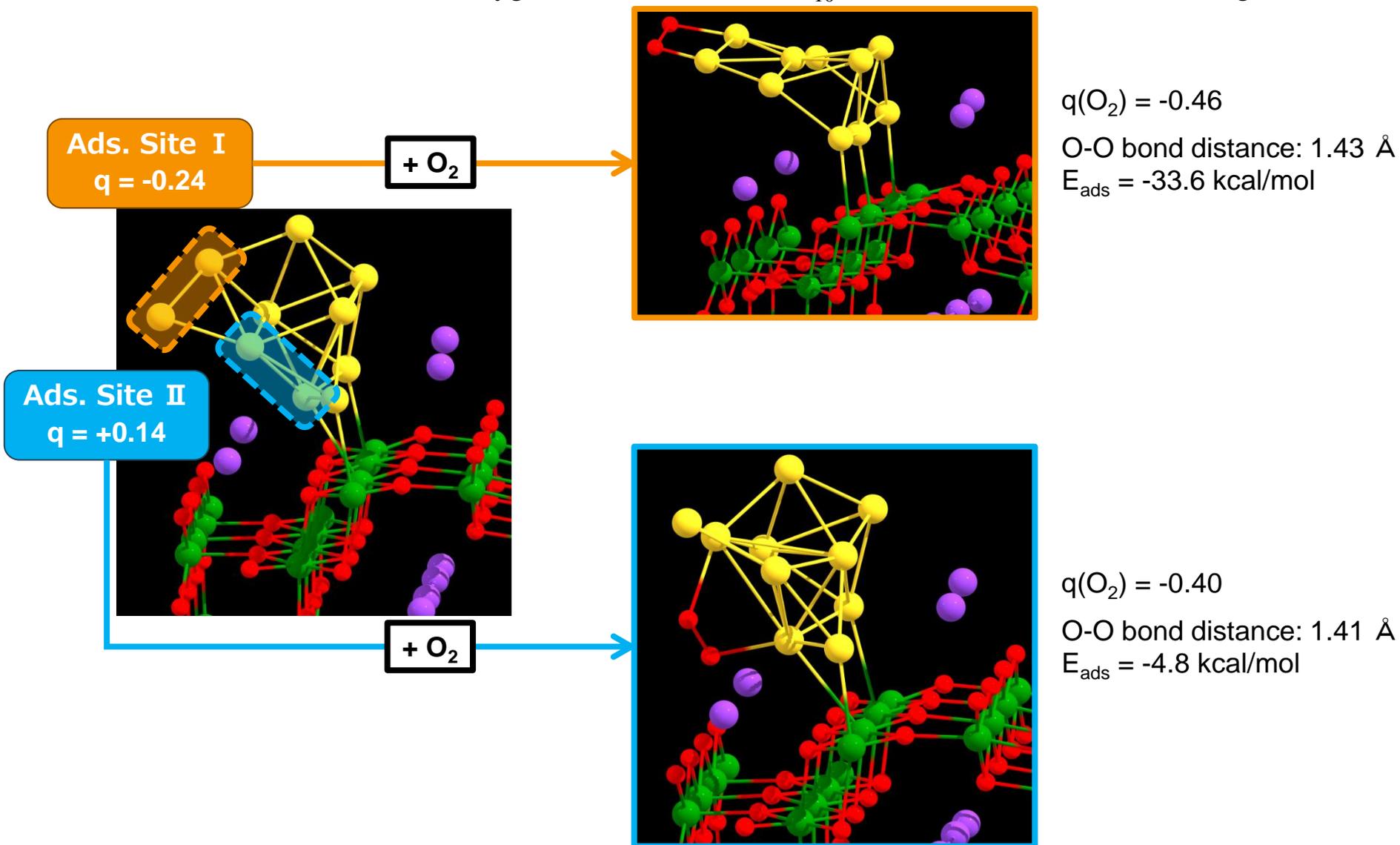


HOMO level goes up in anionic charged Au_{20} models.

HOMO level of negatively charged Au_{20} models are higher than LUMO level of oxygen molecule.

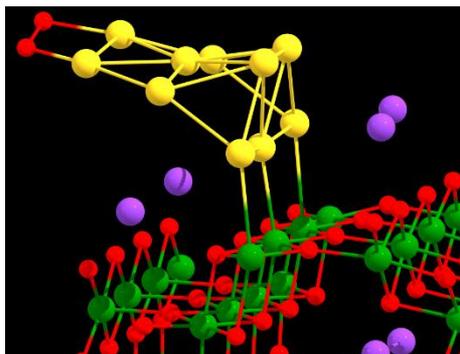
→ Charge transfer from the negatively charged Au_{20} models to oxygen molecule is favorable.

Electronic structure of adsorbed oxygen molecule on the Au₁₀/OMS-2 model was also investigated.



O₂ is adsorbed on both sites stably, and O-O bond was elongated.

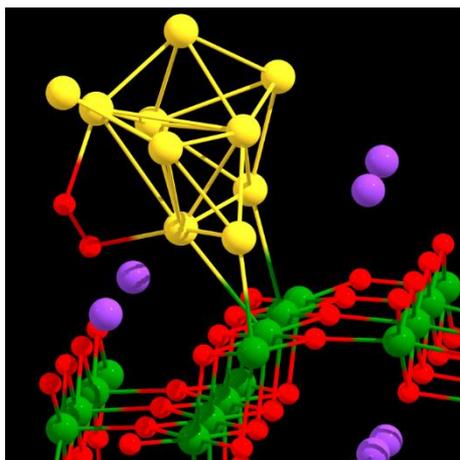
→O₂ is also activated on the Au₁₀/OMS-2 model.

Au₁₀/OMS-2 model + O₂**Ads. Site I**

$$q(\text{O}_2) = -0.46$$

$$\text{O-O dist.: } 1.43 \text{ \AA}$$

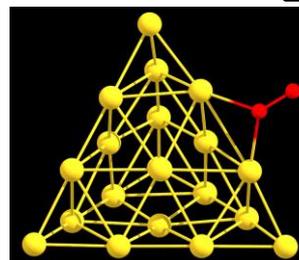
$$E_{\text{ads}} = -33.6 \text{ kcal/mol}$$

**Ads. Site II**

$$q(\text{O}_2) = -0.40$$

$$\text{O-O dist.: } 1.41 \text{ \AA}$$

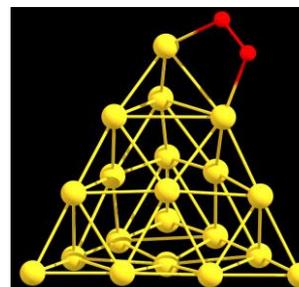
$$E_{\text{ads}} = -4.8 \text{ kcal/mol}$$

Au₂₀ model + O₂**Total Charge = ±0**

$$q(\text{O}_2) = -0.24$$

$$\text{O-O dist.: } 1.29 \text{ \AA}$$

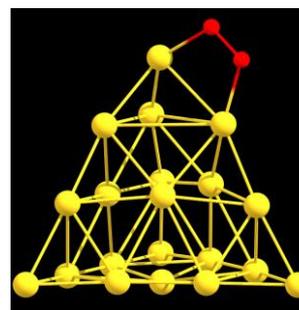
$$E_{\text{ads}} = +18.9 \text{ kcal/mol}$$

**Total Charge = -1**

$$q(\text{O}_2) = -0.31$$

$$\text{O-O dist.: } 1.32 \text{ \AA}$$

$$E_{\text{ads}} = -18.4 \text{ kcal/mol}$$

**Total Charge = -2**

$$q(\text{O}_2) = -0.51$$

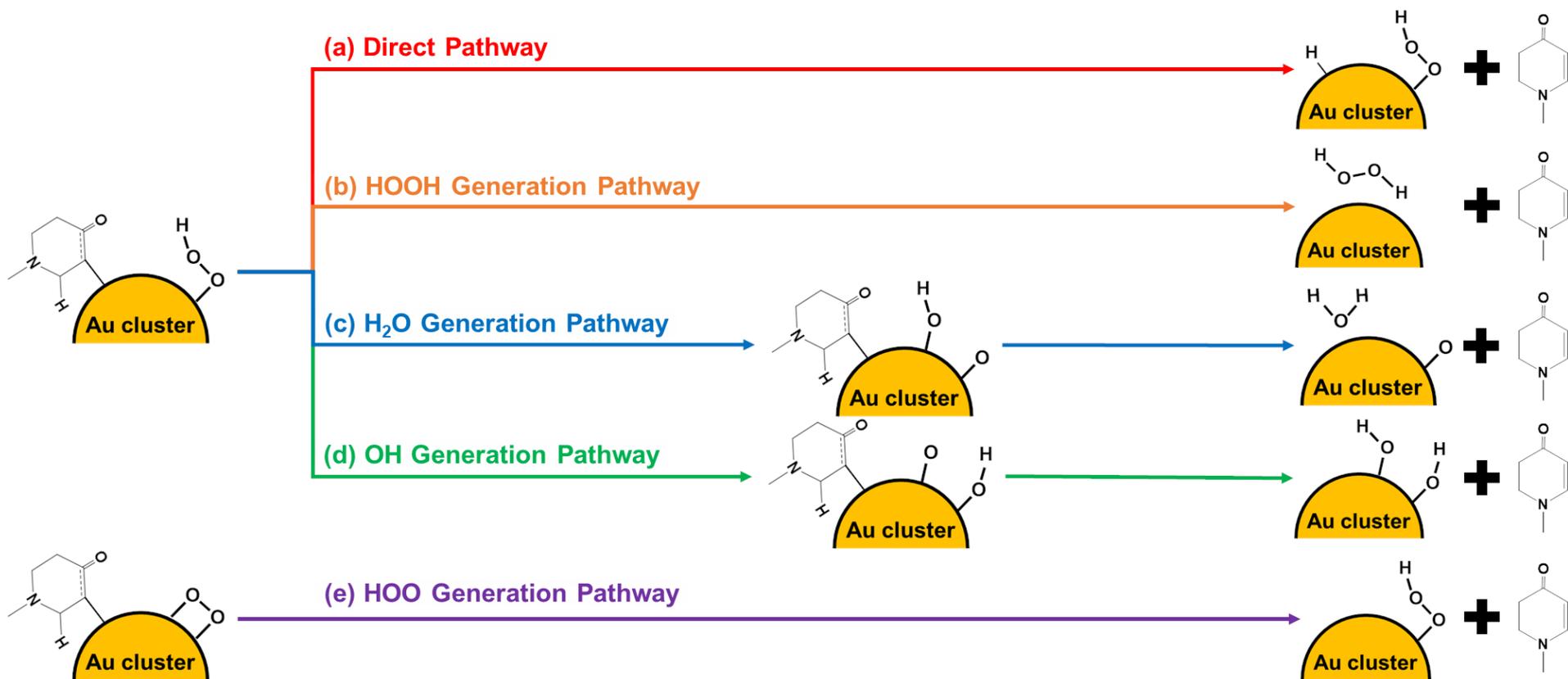
$$\text{O-O dist.: } 1.38 \text{ \AA}$$

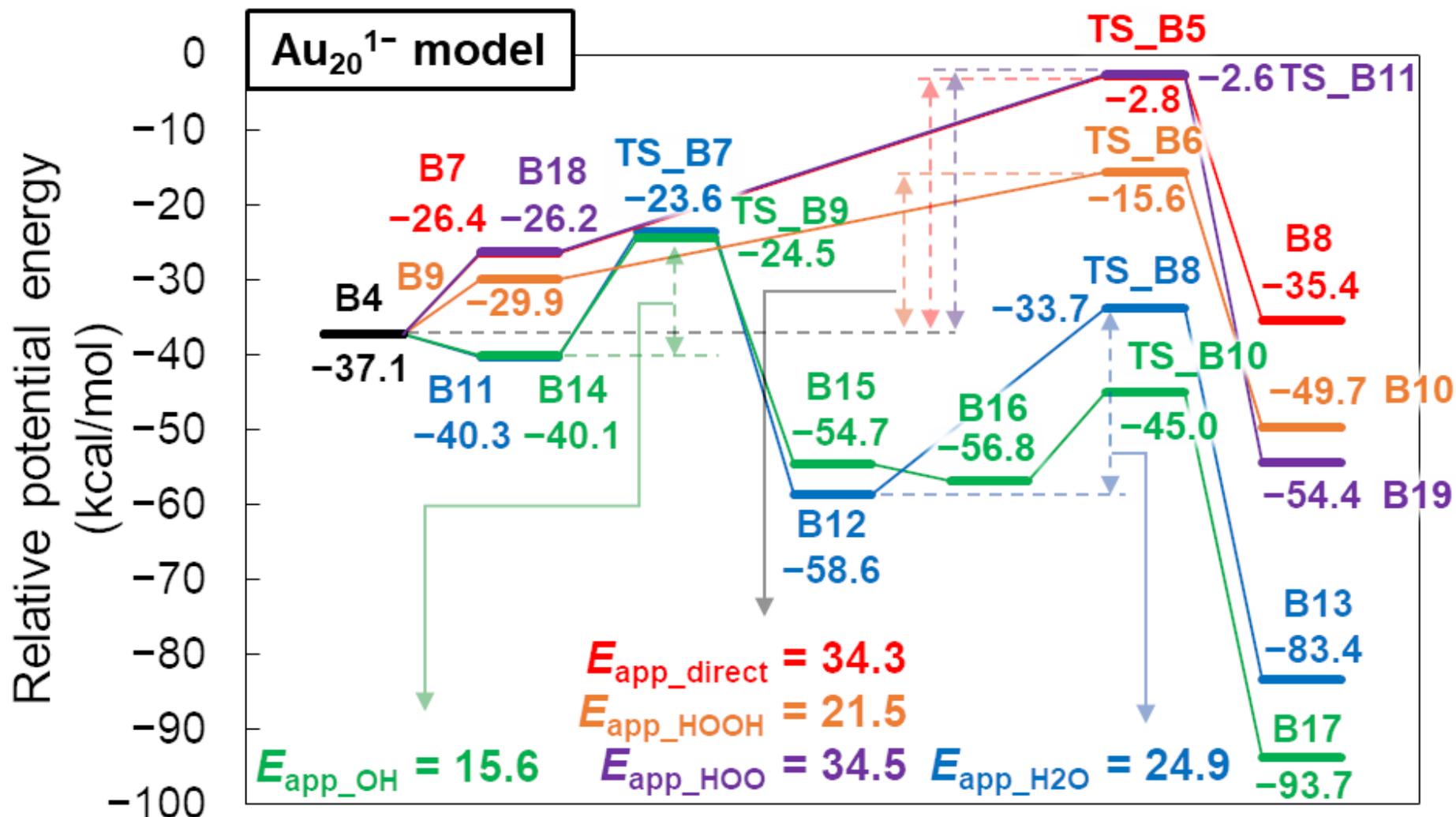
$$E_{\text{ads}} = -23.7 \text{ kcal/mol}$$

Electronic structure of O₂ on the slab model is similar to that on the negatively charged cluster model.

→ The effect of metal-support interaction is effectively included in negatively charged cluster models.

There are five possible reaction pathways to activate the remaining C-H^β bond.





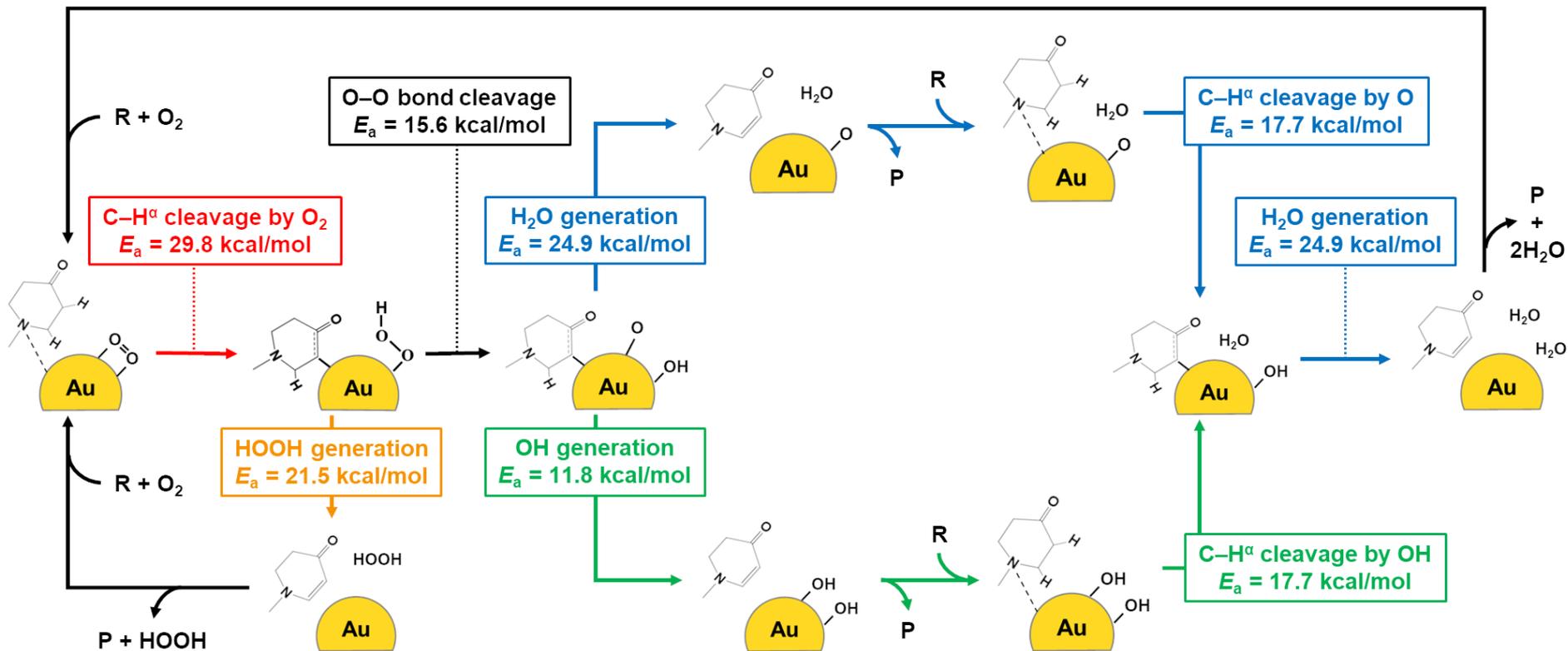
Red: direct pathway

Orange: HOOH generation pathway

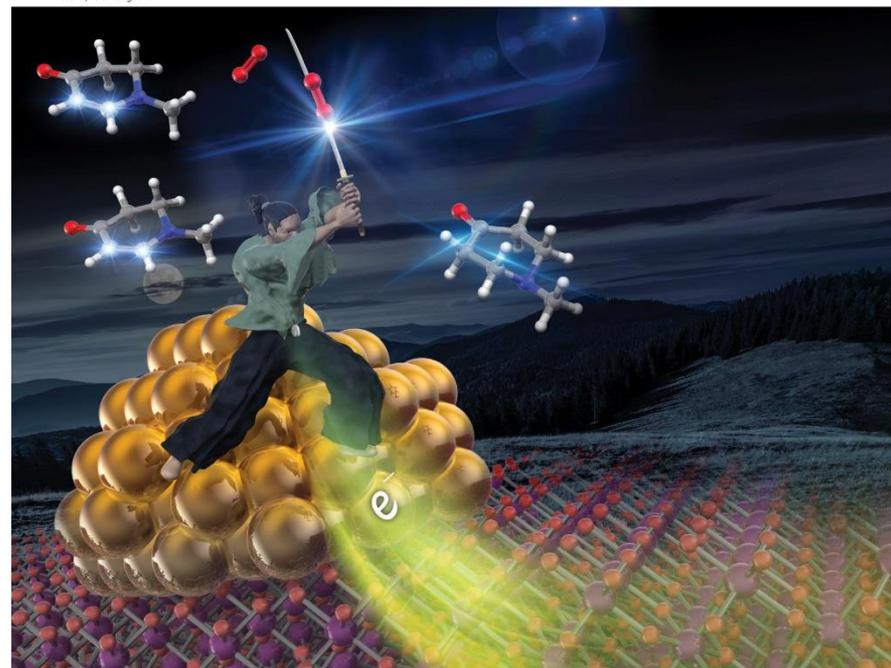
Purple: HOO generation pathway

Blue: H₂O generation pathway

Green: OH generation pathway



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- **Negatively charged Au cluster was formed via charge transfer from the OMS-2 support.**
- **Direct C-H activation pathway takes place as endothermic reaction with high activation energy.**
- **Indirect C-H activation by adsorbed O₂ takes place as exothermic reaction with low activation barrier.**
- **Not only the Au cluster but also the support material play important roles, and catalytic performance could be improved by designing the interaction between metals and supports.**

[1] **R. Miyazaki**, X. Jin, D. Yoshii, T. Yatabe, T. Yabe, N. Mizuno, K. Yamaguchi, J. Hasegawa, *Catal. Sci. Technol.*, 11, 3333–3346, (2021) [*Inside front cover*]



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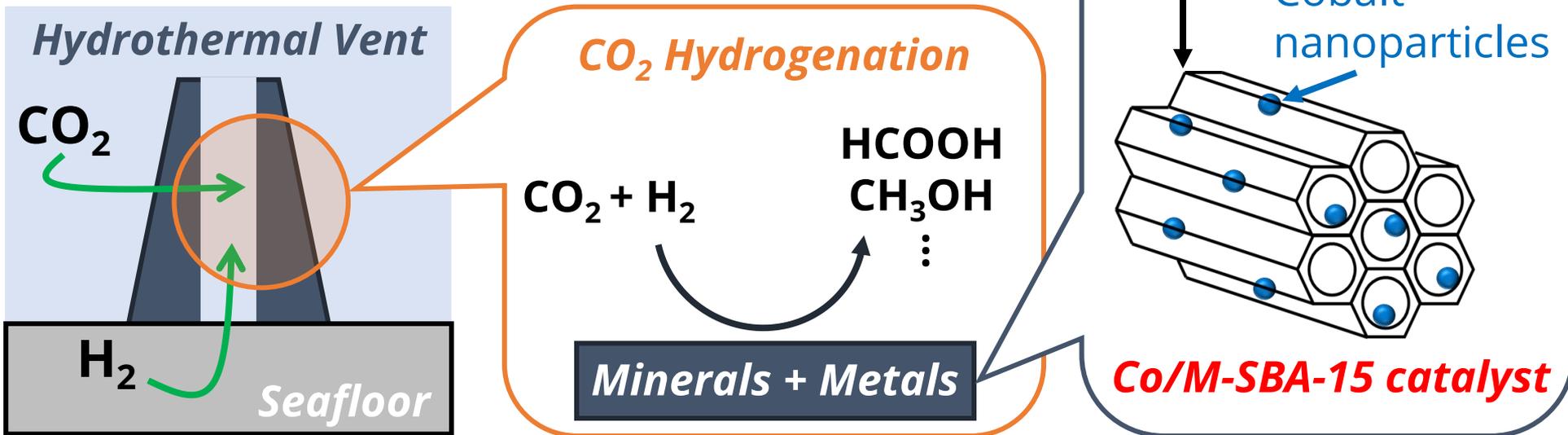


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Dr. Takafumi Yatabe
Dr. Tomohiro Yabe
Prof. Noritaka Mizuno



The **FUNCAT** Collaboration with **MPI-KOFO**

(Kendra Belthle, Dr. Harun Tüysüz, Prof. Ferdi Schüth)



SISSO

Symbolic Regression

Compressed Sensing

Primary Features $\{x_n\}$

- Experimental Data (by KOFO)
(pore volume (V), particle size (d), ...)
- +
• Theoretical Data (by FHI)
(charge of cobalt(q), adsorption energy (E_{ads}), ...)

Descriptor Candidates

$$\begin{aligned} & q * E_{\text{ads}} \\ & d^3 - V \\ & \vdots \\ & \{(V-d^3)^2 * q\} / (E_{\text{ads}})^3 \\ & \vdots \end{aligned}$$

